1. Product And Company Identification

Product Name: STP® Premium Small Engine 4 Cycle Oil SAE-30

Responsible Party: STP Products Manufacturing Company
44 Old Ridgebury Road
Suite 300
Danbury, CT 06810

Information Phone Number: +1 203-205-2900
Emergency Phone Number: For Medical Emergencies, call 1-866-949-6465 / +1 303-389-1332 (Outside US and Canada)
For Transportation Emergencies, call 1-800-424-9300 (Chemtrec) +1-703-527-3887 for Outside US and Canada (call collect)

SDS Date of Preparation: 01/31/2018
Product Use: Automotive maintenance product – For consumer and professional use

2. Hazards Identification

Note: This product is a consumer product and is labeled in accordance with the Consumer Product Safety Commission regulations and not OSHA regulations. The requirements for the labeling of consumer products take precedence over OSHA labeling so the actual product label will differ from the OSHA label elements.

GHS Classification:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical:</th>
<th>Health:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not Hazardous</td>
<td>Not Hazardous</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

GHS Label Elements: None

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>64742-54-7</td>
<td>0 - &lt;95%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation: If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms appear and persist.

Skin Contact: Wash exposed skin with soap and water. If skin irritation or redness develops, get medical attention.

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for several minutes. If irritation or other symptoms persist, get medical attention.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting unless directed to by a doctor or physician. Get medical assistance by calling a doctor or poison center.

Most Important Symptoms: Eye contact may cause irritation. Inhalation of mists or vapors generated at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal effects such as nausea, vomiting and diarrhea and central nervous system effects.
Indication of Immediate Medical Attention/Special Treatment: Immediate medical attention should not be required.

5. Firefighting Measures

Suitable (and Unsuitable) Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical. Cool fire exposed containers with water.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: Will burn under fire conditions. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to extreme heat. Burning may produce carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide, and hydrocarbons.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters: Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or stored.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures: Caution – slip hazard. Eliminate all ignition sources and ventilate the area. Wear appropriate protective equipment.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent entry in storm sewers and waterways. Report spill as required by local and national regulations. Notify the National Response Center if a spill of any amount enters navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines.

Methods for Containment and Clean-Up: Stop spill at the source if it is safe to do so. Absorb with an inert material. Collect into a suitable container for disposal. Clean area as appropriate since spilled materials, even in small quantities, may present a slip hazard.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling: Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged contact with skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors and mists. Wash exposed skin thoroughly with soap and water after use. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep out of the reach of children.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store away from oxidizing agents and other incompatible materials.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Exposure Guidelines:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHEMICAL</th>
<th>EXPOSURE LIMIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic</td>
<td>5 mg/m³ TWA ACGIH TLV (Inhalable)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m³ TWA OSHA PEL (Oil Mist)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering Controls: General ventilation should be adequate for all normal use. For operations where the TLV may be exceeded, forced ventilation such as local exhaust may be needed to maintain exposures below applicable limits.

Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory Protection: None under normal use conditions. For operations where the TLV is exceeded, a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor cartridge and a dust/mist prefilter or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration. Select in accordance with

**Gloves:** None normally required. Impervious gloves such as neoprene or nitrile are recommended if needed to avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact.

**Eye Protection:** None required for normal use. Avoid eye contact. Safety glasses or goggles are recommended if eye contact is possible.

**Other Protective Equipment/Clothing:** None required under normal use conditions.

### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

**Appearance And Odor:** Amber liquid with a slight hydrocarbon odor.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical State: Liquid</th>
<th>Odor Threshold: Not determined</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>pH: Not determined</td>
<td>Specific Gravity: 0.878</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial Boiling Point/Range: Not determined</td>
<td>Vapor Pressure: &lt;1 mm Hg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting/Freezing Point: Not determined</td>
<td>Vapor Density (air=1): &gt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility In Water: Negligible</td>
<td>Percent Volatile: Not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity: 10.7 cSt @ 100°C 86.4 cSt @ 40°C</td>
<td>Evaporation Rate: Not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coefficient Of Water/Oil Distribution: Not determined</td>
<td>VOC Content: Not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point: 402.8 °F / 206 °C PMCC</td>
<td>Autoignition Temp: Not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Temperature: Not determined</td>
<td>Flammability Limits: LEL: Not determined UEL: Not determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 10. Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity:** Not normally reactive

**Chemical Stability:** Stable.

**Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** None known

**Conditions to Avoid:** Keep away from excessive heat and open flames.

**Incompatible Materials:** Strong oxidizing agents.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Burning may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and hydrocarbons.

### 11. Toxicological Information

**POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:**

**Acute Hazards:**

**Inhalation:** Inhalation of mists or vapors generated at elevated temperatures may cause mild upper respiratory tract irritation.

**Skin Contact:** Not a skin irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause defatting and drying of the skin and dermatitis.

**Eye Contact:** Contact may cause eye irritation.

**Ingestion:** Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal effects such as nausea, vomiting and diarrhea and central nervous
system effects.

**Chronic Hazards:** None currently known.

**Carcinogenicity Listing:** None of the components is listed as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by IARC, NTP, ACGIH or OSHA.

**Acute Toxicity Values:**

Petroleum Distillates, Hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:
- LD50 Oral Rat: >15,000 mg/kg
- LD50 Skin Rabbit: >5,000 mg/kg
- LC50 Inhalation Rat: >5 mg/L/4 hr.

**12. Ecological Information**

**Ecotoxicity:**
Petroleum Distillates, Hydrotreated heavy paraffinic:
- LC50: Fathead Minnow >100 mg/L/96 hr.

**Persistence and Degradability:**
Petroleum Distillates, Hydrotreated heavy paraffinic: The hydrocarbons in this material are not readily biodegradable, but since they can be degraded by microorganisms, they are regarded as inherently biodegradable.

**Bio accumulative Potential:**
Petroleum Distillates, Hydrotreated heavy paraffinic: Has the potential to bio-accumulate

**Mobility in Soil:**
Petroleum Distillates, Hydrotreated heavy paraffinic: If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.

**Other Adverse Effects:** No data available.

**13. Disposal Considerations**

Dispose of in accordance with all local, state/provincial and federal regulations. Offer empty containers for recycling.

**14. Transport Information**

**DOT Hazardous Materials Description:** Not Regulated

**IMDG Dangerous Goods Description:** Not Regulated

**15. Regulatory Information**

**United States:**

**EPA TSCA INVENTORY:** All of the components of this material are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substances Inventory.

**CERCLA Section 103:** This product has no RQ, however, oil spills must be reported to the National Response Center. Many states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report spills required under federal, state and local regulations.
SARA Hazard Category (311/312): Classified under OSHA Hazcom 2012 GHS as per Section 2 of this SDS.

SARA 313: This product contains the following chemicals subject to Annual Release Reporting Requirements under SARA Title III, Section 313 (40 CFR 372): Zinc compounds at < 3.0%

16. Other Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NFPA Rating (NFPA 704):</th>
<th>Health: 0</th>
<th>Fire: 1</th>
<th>Instability: 0</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HMS Rating:</td>
<td>Health: 0</td>
<td>Fire: 1</td>
<td>Physical Hazard: 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

REVISION DATE: 01/31/2018

REVISION SUMMARY: New SDS. Formula template

PREVIOUS REVISION DATE: N/A

DATA SUPPLIED IS FOR USE ONLY IN CONNECTION WITH OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH